

Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 14-Jul-2014 Revision Date: 17-Jul-2014 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name TopSide Liquid Boron

Other means of identification

SDS # CAG-051

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Plant Nutrients.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address Triangle Chemical

P.O. Box 4528 Macon, GA 31208 Cardinal Chemical P.O. Box 368

Kinston, NC 28506

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone (24 hr) Triangle Chemical: (478) 743-1548 Cardinal Chemical: (252) 523-1181 Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (North America) 1-703-527-3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Clear blue liquid Physical State Liquid Odor Slight amine

Classification

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

Harmful if inhaled May damage fertility or the unborn child



Revision Date: 17-Jul-2014

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
A proprietary blend of Primary Plant Nutrients (N) &	Proprietary	>99
Micronutrients in an aqueous solution		
Nitrogen (as derived from Urea)	Proprietary	6 (included in above blend)
Boron (as derived from Boric Acid)	Proprietary	6 (included in above blend)

^{**}If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.**

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Seek

immediate medical attention/advice.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if

irritation develops or persists.

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Ingestion If conscious, give water or milk. Seek medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms Direct contact with eyes may cause irritation or damage. Contact with skin may cause

> irritation. Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract, cramps, vomiting or diarrhea. Ingestion may cause sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, and severe burns of the mouth, throat, and stomach. Severe

exposures can lead to shock, circulatory collapse, and death.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Exposure may aggravate medical conditions such as asthma, lung **Notes to Physician**

> disease, and skin disorders. Chronic ingestion may cause damage to heart, liver, and blood-forming tissues. Ingestion of large quantities may cause headache, mental

impairment, dizziness, and may be fatal.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray (fog). Foam. Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

If product is heated to an anhydrous state, it may emit ammonia or nitrogenous compounds, which can be toxic. Exposure to high heat can emit toxic vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products Volatile organic compounds. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Ammonia. Cyanuric acid.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal PrecautionsUse personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental Precautions Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See

Section 12, Ecological Information. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

Revision Date: 17-Jul-2014

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up For small spills, absorb with sand, clay, or other inert absorbent. For large spills contained

material may be salvaged for use if uncontaminated.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes or clothing. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a

well-ventilated area. Use in accordance with product label instructions.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in closed, properly labeled containers in a cool, ventilated area. Store in compatible

containers. Keep away from children, pets, domestic animals, and wildlife. Product may be corrosive to aluminum, mild steel, and brass. Store in stainless steel containers. Use only

stainless steel, PVC, or polypropylene fittings. Store locked up.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Alkalis.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Boron (as derived from Boric Acid)	STEL: 6 mg/m³ inhalable	-	-
	fraction		
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ inhalable fraction		

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Eyewash stations. Showers.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin and Body ProtectionWear chemically protective gloves to prevent skin contact. Wear protective clothing.

Contaminated Equipment: Separate contaminated work clothes from street clothes.

Launder before reuse. Remove this material from your shoes and clean personal protective

Revision Date: 17-Jul-2014

equipment.

Respiratory Protection Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, wear a

MSHA/NIOSH-approved respirator. Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions, level of airborne contamination, and presence of sufficient oxygen. WARNING!: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. If respirators are used, OSHA requires a written respiratory program that includes at least: medical certification, training, fit-testing, periodic environmental monitoring, maintenance, inspection, cleaning, and convenient, sanitary storage areas.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Never eat, drink, or

smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially

before eating, drinking, smoking, using the toilet, or applying cosmetics.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

AppearanceClear blue liquidOdorSlight amineColorClear blueOdor ThresholdNot determined

(Water = 1)

Revision Date: 17-Jul-2014

Property Values Remarks • Method

Not determined pН **Melting Point/Freezing Point** Not Available **Boiling Point/Boiling Range** >100 °C / >212 °F Flash Point Not Available **Evaporation Rate** Not determined Flammability (Solid, Gas) Liquid-Not Applicable

Upper Flammability Limits Not Available **Lower Flammability Limit** Not Available **Vapor Pressure** Not Available **Vapor Density** Not Available **Specific Gravity** 1.212

Water Solubility Soluble in water Solubility in other solvents Not determined **Partition Coefficient** Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Kinematic Viscosity Dynamic Viscosity Not determined **Explosive Properties** Not determined **Oxidizing Properties** Not determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

If product is heated to an anhydrous state, it may emit ammonia or nitrogenous compounds, which can be toxic. Exposure to high heat can emit toxic vapors.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Contact with incompatible materials. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid evaporating to dryness.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Alkalis.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Volatile organic compounds. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Ammonia. Cyanuric acid.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact Avoid contact with eyes.

Skin Contact Avoid contact with skin.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion Do not ingest.

Revision Date: 17-Jul-2014

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Boron (as derived from Boric Acid)	= 2660 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.16 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Nitrogen (as derived from Urea)	= 8471 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

However, the product as a whole has not been tested.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Boron (as derived from Boric		Group 2A		Χ
Acid)				

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Component Information

Component information				
Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Boron (as derived from Boric Acid)		1020: 72 h Carassius auratus mg/L LC50 flow-through		115 - 153: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Nitrogen (as derived from Urea)		16200 - 18300: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50		10000: 24 h Daphnia magna Straus mg/L EC50 3910: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static

Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Nitrogen (as derived from Urea)	-1.59
Boron (as derived from Boric Acid)	-0.757

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of WastesDo not reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or

reconditioning or dispose in a sanitary landfill, or by other means approved by federal,

Revision Date: 17-Jul-2014

state, or local laws.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Boron (as derived from Boric Acid)	Toxic

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Not determined

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Not determined

Revision Date: 17-Jul-2014

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA **Health Hazards Flammability** Instability **Special Hazards**

Not determined **Health Hazards Flammability Physical Hazards Personal Protection**

Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

Issue Date: 14-Jul-2014 **Revision Date:** 17-Jul-2014 **Revision Note:** New format

Disclaimer

HMIS

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet